

SAFETY DATA SHEET EH-CPF HARDENER

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name EH-CPF HARDENER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Hardener.

Uses advised againstNo specific uses advised against are identified.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Wessex Resins & Adhesives

Cupernham House Cupernham Lane

Romsey Hampshire SO51 7LF ENGLAND

Tel: +44 (0) 1794 521111 Fax: +44 (0) 1794 521271 info@wessex-resins.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44(0)207 858 1228

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1C - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Repr. 2 - H361 STOT RE 2 -

H373

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Human health Corrosive to skin and eyes. The product contains a sensitising substance. See Section 11 for

additional information on health hazards.

Environmental The product contains a substance which may have hazardous effects on the environment.

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram







Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine, 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine,

Triethylenetetramine, Aliphatic amines

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

CAS number: 26950-63-0 EC number: 500-055-5

Classification

Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine 10-30% CAS number: 2855-13-2 EC number: 220-666-8 REACH registration number: 012119514687-32-XXXX

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine 5-10%

CAS number: 140-31-8 EC number: 205-411-0 REACH registration number: 01-

2119471486-30-0003

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Repr. 2 - H361 STOT RE 1 - H372 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Triethylenetetramine 5-10%

CAS number: 112-24-3 EC number: 203-950-6 REACH registration number: 01-

2119487919-13-0000

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

Aliphatic amines <1%

CAS number: —

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on

their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water

or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin contact It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. Take off immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is

suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth

resuscitation.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. Avoid contact during

pregnancy/while nursing. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the

concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Severe irritation of nose and

throat. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Corrosive to the

respiratory tract.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical

burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include

the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe

burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation.

Redness. Blistering may occur.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry

powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Severe corrosive hazard. Water used for fire extinguishing, which has been in contact with the

product, may be corrosive.

Hazardous combustion

products

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Very toxic or corrosive gases or vapours.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Regular protection may not be safe. Wear chemical protective suit. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid contact with contaminated tools and objects.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. This product is corrosive. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: Collect spillage. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Pregnant or breastfeeding women should not work with this product if there is any risk of exposure. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. This product is corrosive. Immediate first aid is imperative. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class

Corrosive storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment







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Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. Wear protective gauntlets made of the following material: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: ≥ 0.13 mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.5 hours.

Other skin and body

protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Combination filter, type A2/P2.

Environmental exposure

Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

controls

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Coloured liquid.

Colour Amber. Odour Amine.

Odour threshold Not determined.

Ηg Not determined. Melting point Not determined.

Initial boiling point and range Not determined.

Flash point >185°C/365°F Closed cup.

Evaporation rate Not determined. Not determined. **Evaporation factor** Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined. Vapour density Not determined.

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Relative density 0.96 @ 22°C 1 @ 77°F

Bulk density

Solubility(ies)

Not determined.

Partition coefficient

Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not determined.

Decomposition Temperature Not determined.

Viscosity Not determined.

Explosive properties Not determined.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information Not known.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic and corrosive gases or

vapours.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 3,368.32

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 3,479.21

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

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Animal data Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

IARC carcinogenicity None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Suspected of damaging fertility.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure STOT RE 2 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

Inhalation Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms following overexposure may include the

following: Severe irritation of nose and throat.

Ingestion May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. May cause chemical

burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. Symptoms following overexposure may include

the following: Severe stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.

Skin contact May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Causes severe

burns. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain or irritation.

Redness. Blistering may occur.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following:

Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target organs No specific target organs known.

Medical considerations Skin disorders and allergies.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

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3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

1,030.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅o) REACH dossier information. Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 1,030.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD50) Harmful in contact with skin.

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 1,100.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml, 24 hr, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: Severe erythema (beef

redness) to eschar formation preventing grading of erythema (4). Oedema score:

No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Corrosive to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed. No testing is needed.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitising. REACH dossier

information. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Embryotoxicity: - NOAEL: 250 mg/kg/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 60 mg/kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Not classified as a specific

target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) Harmful if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 500.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD50 866.0

mg/kg)

Species Rabbit

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Notes (dermal LD50) REACH dossier information. Harmful in contact with skin.

866.0 ATE dermal (mg/kg)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: , 20 min, Rabbit Oedema score: Severe oedema - raised more than 1 mm

and extending beyond area of exposure (4). REACH dossier information. Corrosive

to skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

Corrosive to skin. Corrosivity to eyes is assumed. No testing is needed.

damage/irritation Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Sensitising. REACH dossier

information. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available Genotoxicity - in vivo

data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

Screening: - NOAEC 8000 mg/l, Oral, Rat P REACH dossier information.

fertility

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Developmental toxicity: - NOAEC: 8000 mg/l, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 2000 mg/l/6hr/day, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Ecological information on ingredients.

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Acute aquatic toxicity

LC₅₀, 96 hours: 110 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) Acute toxicity - fish

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅₀, 48 hours: 388 mg/l, Marinewater invertebrates

EC₅₀, 72 hours: 37 mg/l, Scenedesmus subspicatus

invertebrates REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

REACH dossier information.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Acute aquatic toxicity

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Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 2190 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅o, 48 hours: 58 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅₀, 72 hours: > 1000 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

plants

REACH dossier information.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product.

Ecological information on ingredients.

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 4.5 hours

Estimated value.

REACH dossier information.

Stability (hydrolysis) pH7 - Half-life : > 1 year @ 25°C

REACH dossier information.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (%) 8: 28 days

REACH dossier information.

No biodegradation observed under test conditions.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 1.8 hours

REACH dossier information.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (%) 0: 28 days

REACH dossier information.

No biodegradation observed under test conditions.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating. BCF: ~ 3.16, Estimated value. REACH dossier

information.

Partition coefficient log Pow: 0.99 REACH dossier information.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating.

Partition coefficient log Pow: -1.48 REACH dossier information.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No information available.

Ecological information on ingredients.

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Mobility The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a

photochemical ozone creation potential.

Adsorption/desorption

coefficient

Water - log Koc: ~ 2.97 @ 25°C Estimated value. REACH dossier information.

Henry's law constant ~ 0.000446 Pa m3/mol @ 20°C Estimated value. REACH dossier information.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Mobility The product is miscible with water and may spread in water systems.

Henry's law constant < 0 atm m3/mol @ 20°C Estimated value. REACH dossier information.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Results of PBT and vPvB

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and

its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially

hazardous.

Disposal methods Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning

materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. Do not

discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 2735

UN No. (IMDG) 2735

UN No. (ICAO) 2735

UN No. (ADN) 2735

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-

(ADR/RID) trimethylcyclohexylamine, 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-

trimethylcyclohexylamine, 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-

trimethylcyclohexylamine, 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine)

Proper shipping name (ADN) AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-

trimethylcyclohexylamine, 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID classification code C7

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

ADN class 8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

IMDG packing group

ADN packing group

ICAO packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation 18. Alkalis

group

EmS F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).

The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment

Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18

December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Rail

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

LC₅o: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.

vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Repr. = Reproductive toxicity

Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion Skin Sens. = Skin sensitisation

STOT RE = Specific target organ toxicity-repeated exposure Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Key literature references and

sources for data

Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/

Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) Eye Dam. 1 - H318: Skin Corr. 1B - H314: STOT RE 2 - H373: Skin Sens. 1 - H317: Repr. 2 -

H361: : Calculation method. Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412: : Calculation method.

Training advice

1272/2008

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this

material.

Revision date 27/02/2019

Revision 3

Supersedes date 28/01/2019

SDS number 20585

Hazard statements in full H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child if swallowed.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if

inhaled

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.